# SS5803: PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

# **Effective Term**

Semester B 2024/25

# Part I Course Overview

# **Course Title**

Psychopathology

# **Subject Code**

SS - Social and Behavioural Sciences

# **Course Number**

5803

# **Academic Unit**

Social and Behavioural Sciences (SS)

# College/School

College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences (CH)

# **Course Duration**

One Semester

# **Credit Units**

3

# Level

P5, P6 - Postgraduate Degree

# **Medium of Instruction**

English

# **Medium of Assessment**

English

# **Prerequisites**

Nil for MSocSc in Counselling / Master of Social Work

Co-requisities: SS5757 Personality Theories and Assessment and SS5780 Research Design & Analysis in Psychology for MSocSc in Psychology

# **Precursors**

Nil

# **Equivalent Courses**

Nil

# **Exclusive Courses**

SS5782 Psychopathology and Diagnosis of Mental Disorder

# Part II Course Details

#### **Abstract**

This course aims to provide students with a comprehensive and advanced understanding of psychopathology.

# **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Articulate and explain the diagnostic criteria and classification of various disorders in adults and children	40	x	x	
2	Conceptualize development of and clinical work with major mental disorders through integration of theoretical models, clinical practice and research findings	30	x	x	
3	Apply knowledge to identify needs of assessment and appropriate handling in clinical practice of counsellors	30	x	x	

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

# A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

# Learning and Teaching Activities (LTAs)

	LTAs	<b>Brief Description</b>	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1	LTA1: Lectures	Concepts and theories that relate to maladaptive behaviour and psychological disorders will be introduced. Students will be guided to apply the theories in order to explain psychopathology.	1, 2	
2	LTA2: In-class case illustration and discussion	Real-life clinical cases of various mental disorders will be discussed in class to enhance students' understanding of case formulation and assessment.	2, 3	

Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.	Weighting (%)	Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	Case Studies Report Students are required to conduct a case study on a psychological disorder and discuss the core issues of the disorder, such as the etiology diagnoses, treatment considerations, and prognosis.	1, 2, 3	35	
2	Group Presentation Students are required to select a psychological disorder and present strategies to promote community awareness, intervention, and prevention of the disorder (e.g., statistics, myths and facts, and local support).	1, 2, 3	30	
3	Quiz Students are required to take a quiz for re-enforcing their knowledge of psychopathology, such as diagnostic criteria and classification, theoretical concepts and clinical applications.	1, 2, 3	35	

# Continuous Assessment (%)

100

# Assessment Rubrics (AR)

## **Assessment Task**

Case studies report (for students admitted before Semester A 2022/23 and in Semester A 2024/25 & thereafter)

# Criterion

Apply different concepts and perspectives of abnormal psychology to investigate psychological disorders. Analyse the characteristics of major psychopathologies with current classification system. Evaluate issues of psychopathologies with theories from different psychological perspectives and discuss their implications in psychological treatment.

# **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Demonstrate an excellent ability in applying theoretical concepts to diagnose mental health problems. When analyse and apply, there is strong evidence of original and reflective thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base.

#### Good

(B+, B, B-) Reasonable understanding on how to apply theoretical concepts to diagnose mental health problems. Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature.

4 SS5803: Psychopathology

# Fair

(C+, C, C-) General ability to understand the theoretical concepts that could be used to diagnose and apply to mental health problems. Students are profiting from learning the course; understanding of the subject; developing solutions to simple problems in the material.

# Marginal

(D) Ability to spell out the theoretical concepts and models that could diagnose mental health problems. Sufficient familiarity with the subject matter to enable the student to progress without repeating the course.

#### **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of familiarity with mental health problems. Weak in distinguishing the concepts and models that could be used for diagnoses and apply; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature.

## Assessment Task

Group presentation (for students admitted before Semester A 2022/23 and in Semester A 2024/25 & thereafter)

#### Criterion

Apply different concepts and perspectives of abnormal psychology to investigation of psychological disorders. Analyse the characteristics of major psychopathologies with current classification system. Evaluate issues of psychopathologies with theories from different psychological perspectives and discuss their implications in psychological treatment.

#### **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Critically compare different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. When analyse and apply, there is strong evidence of original and reflective thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base. Good application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings when appropriate.

# Good

(B+, B, B-) Showing a good ability to distinguish the different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature. Reasonable attempt to apply concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings when appropriate.

#### Fair

(C+, C, C-) General ability to distinguish the different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. Students are profiting from learning the course; understanding of the subject; developing solutions to simple problems in the material. Fair application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings.

# Marginal

(D) Ability to spell out the theoretical concepts and models that could diagnose mental health problems. Sufficient familiarity with the subject matter to enable the student to progress without repeating the course. Limited application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings.

## **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of familiarity with mental health problems. Weak in distinguishing the concepts and models that could be used for diagnoses and apply; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature. No application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings.

#### Assessment Task

Quiz (for students admitted before Semester A 2022/23 and in Semester A 2024/25 & thereafter)

## Criterion

Ability to acquire a good knowledge of concepts

#### **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Demonstrate an excellent ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

#### Good

(B+, B, B-) Showing a good ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

#### Fair

(C+, C, C-) General ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

# Marginal

(D) Limited evidence of acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

# **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

# **Assessment Task**

Case studies report (for students admitted from Semester A 2022/23 to Summer Term 2024)

#### Criterion

Apply different concepts and perspectives of abnormal psychology to investigate psychological disorders. Analyse the characteristics of major psychopathologies with current classification system. Evaluate issues of psychopathologies with theories from different psychological perspectives and discuss their implications in psychological treatment.

#### **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Demonstrate an excellent ability in applying theoretical concepts to diagnose mental health problems. When analyse and apply, there is strong evidence of original and reflective thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base.

#### Good

(B+, B) Reasonable understanding on how to apply theoretical concepts to diagnose mental health problems. Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature.

#### Marginal

(B-, C+, C) General ability to understand the theoretical concepts that could be used to diagnose and apply to mental health problems. Students are profiting from learning the course; understanding of the subject; developing solutions to simple problems in the material.

#### **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of familiarity with mental health problems. Weak in distinguishing the concepts and models that could be used for diagnoses and apply; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature.

# Assessment Task

Group presentation (for students admitted from Semester A 2022/23 to Summer Term 2024)

# Criterion

Apply different concepts and perspectives of abnormal psychology to investigation of psychological disorders. Analyse the characteristics of major psychopathologies with current classification system. Evaluate issues of psychopathologies with theories from different psychological perspectives and discuss their implications in psychological treatment.

# **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Critically compare different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. When analyse and apply, there is strong evidence of original and reflective thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive knowledge base. Good application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings when appropriate.

#### Good

(B+, B) Showing a good ability to distinguish the different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature. Reasonable attempt to apply concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings when appropriate.

# Marginal

(B-, C+, C) General ability to distinguish the different theoretical perspectives when attempting to analyse and apply. Students are profiting from learning the course; understanding of the subject; developing solutions to simple problems in the material. Fair application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings.

#### **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of familiarity with mental health problems. Weak in distinguishing the concepts and models that could be used for diagnoses and apply; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited, or irrelevant use of literature. No application of concepts & findings to everyday life and local settings.

#### **Assessment Task**

Quiz (for students admitted from Semester A 2022/23 to Summer Term 2024)

#### Criterion

Ability to acquire a good knowledge of concepts

# **Excellent**

(A+, A, A-) Demonstrate an excellent ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

#### Good

(B+, B) Showing a good ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

# Marginal

(B-, C+, C) General ability in acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

## **Failure**

(F) Little evidence of acquiring a good knowledge of concepts

# Part III Other Information

# **Keyword Syllabus**

1.1 Theoretical framework

Theories of normality and abnormality; Development Culture and psychopathology; Development and psychopathology 1.2 Diagnosis

Classification and assessment; Childhood and adolescent disorders; Psychopathology of adulthood

1.3 Intervention

Clinical work in psychopathology, intervention modalities

## **Reading List**

# **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	American Psychiatric Association. (2000). Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (4th edition, text revision). (DSM-IV-TR). Washington, D. C.: American Psychiatric Association.
2	Barlow, D. H., Durand, V. M., & Hofmann, S. G. (2017). Abnormal psychology: An integrative approach (8th ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.
3	Nolen-Hoeksema, S. (2007). Abnormal psychology (4th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.

# **Additional Readings**

	Title
1	Beutler L., Malik, M. (Eds.). (2002). Rethinking the DSM: a psychological perspective. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.
2	Carr A. (Ed.). (2003). Prevention: What works with children and adolescents? Hove, East Sussex: Brunner-Routledge.
3	Cummings, E. M., Davies, P. T., & Campbell, S. B. (2000). Developmental psychopathology and family process: Theory, research, and clinical implications. New York: Guilford.
4	Dwivedi, K., & Harper, P. (2004). Promoting the emotional well-being of children and adolescents and preventing their mental ill health: a handbook. London: J. Kingsley Publishers.
5	Frank, E. (Ed.). (2000). Gender and its effects on psychopathology. Washington, DC: American Psychiatric Press.
6	Herbert, M. (2005). Developmental problems of childhood and adolescence: prevention, treatment, and training. Malden, MA: BPS Blackwell.
7	Hersen M., & Ammerman, R. (Eds.) (2000). Advanced abnormal child psychology. Mahwah, N.J.: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.
8	Hersen M., Turner, S.M., & Beidel D. (Eds.). (2007). Adult psychopathology and diagnosis. Hoken, NJ: Wiley.
9	Hoghughi M. (1992). Assessing child and adolescent disorders: a practice manual. London: Sage Pub.
10	Lichtenberg, P. (ed.). (1999). Handbook of assessment in clinical gerontology. New York: Wiley.
11	Mash, E., & Barkley, R. (Eds.). (2003). Child psychopathology. New York: Gilford Press.
12	Mash, E.J., & Barkley, R.A. (Eds.). (2006). Treatment of childhood disorders. (3 rd ed.). New York: Guilford.
13	Netherton, S.D., Holmes, D., & Walker, C.E. (Eds.). (1999). Child and adolescent psychological disorders: A comprehensive textbook. New York: Oxford University Press.
14	Nicholi A. (ed.). (1999). The Harvard guide to psychiatry. Cambridge, Mass.: Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.
15	Ollendick T.H., & Hersen M. (Eds.). (1998). Handbook of child psychopathology. (3rd ed.). New York: Plenum.
16	Osofsky, J., & Fitzgerald, H. (Eds.). (2000). World Association for Infant Mental Health handbook of infant mental health. New York: Wiley.
17	Rapoport, J. (2000). Childhood onset of "adult" psychopathology: clinical and research advances. Washington, DC: American Psychiatric Press.
18	Rutter, M., & Taylor, E. (2002). Child and adolescent psychiatry. (4th ed.). Malden, MA: Blackwell Science.
19	Sameroff, A., Lewis, M., Miller, S. (2000). Handbook of developmental psychopathology. New York: Kluwer Academic/Plenum.
20	Schroeder, C. S. (2002). Assessment and treatment of childhood problems: a clinician's guide. New York: The Guilford Press.
21	Sperry, L., & Carlson, J. (Eds.). (1996). Psychopathology and psychotherapy: from DSM-IV diagnosis to treatment. Washington, DC: Accelerated Development
22	Tse J. (2003). Adolescent psychological disorders. Hong Kong: Chinese University Press. (in Chinese)
23	Tse J. (2004). Youth suicide: facts, prevention and crisis management. (2nd ed.). Hong Kong: Chinese University Press. (in Chinese)

# SS5803: Psychopathology

8

24	Weiner, I. B. (2004). Adult psychopathology case studies. John Wiley & Sons.	
25	Whitbourne, S.K. (Ed.). (2000). Psychopathology in later adulthood. New York: Wiley.	
26	Zide M.R., & Gray, S.W. (2001). Psychopathology: A competency-based assessment model for social workers. Belmont, CA: Brooks/Cole.	